



PotteriesGold

Babies and Benefits

There's no doubt that things are tough for many families right now. So what help is there from our benefits system if you are expecting a baby?

We'll be putting together some new leaflets in the New Year to help you understand the support available. In the meantime, here is a quick round-up of benefits and other support if you are pregnant or have recently given birth.

If you're reading this online, you will find some <u>links</u> to useful websites where words or phrases are underlined.

HEALTH BENEFITS IF YOU ARE PREGNANT

You are automatically entitled to **free prescriptions** and **free NHS dental treatment** if you are pregnant.

If you get certain means-tested benefits, you are entitled to Healthy Start Scheme vouchers for fresh milk, formula milk, fruit, vegetables and pulses. You qualify if you or your partner are:

- at least 10 weeks pregnant and aged under 18, or
- at least 10 weeks pregnant or have a child under four, and you are getting Income Support, Income-based JSA, Income-related ESA, Pension Credit, Child Tax Credit but not WTC and your joint earnings are under £16,190 annually or you get Universal Credit with monthly joint earnings under £408 per month.



SURE START MATERNITY GRANT

If you are expecting your first child, or have no other child aged under 16 in your family, you may get a <u>Sure Start Maternity Grant</u> of £500. The benefit rules are slightly different to the Healthy Start scheme; for example, there is no earnings limit for people getting Universal Credit or Child Tax Credit. You must claim in time, between 11 weeks before your baby is due or three months after the birth.



NOT YOUR FIRST CHILD?

If get these benefits but you cannot get a Sure Start Grant because you already have children, you may be able to get a **Budgeting Loan** (a **Budgeting Advance** for UC) from the DWP.

Alternatively, some **local charities** run <u>Baby Banks</u> where you may get some of the things you need for your baby.

MONEY FOR MUMS-TO-BE

- If you meet the conditions, which include being employed by the same employer for at least six months by the 15th week of your pregnancy, you can get up to 52 weeks' Statutory Maternity Leave and 39 weeks' <u>Statutory Maternity Pay</u>.
- If you have been in work, but not for long enough or being paid enough to get SMP, you might get <u>Maternity Allowance</u>. For this, you'll need to have been working for 26 weeks in the 66 weeks up to the week your baby is due, and to have earned at least £30 per week in at least 13 of those weeks.
- Another option, from the 11th week before your baby is due or earlier, if there is a
 serious risk to your health or your baby's, is <u>New-style ESA</u>. You may need extra advice
 to see whether this would pay you more or less than Maternity Allowance.
- You might be able to claim <u>Universal Credit</u> to top up any of these, or if you don't qualify for other benefits.



www.snscab.org.uk/about-us/potteries-gold

